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SALT LAKE CITY, - JAN. 8, 1909.

IT MEANS PROHIBITION.

If there is any doubt in the mind
of any of our readers as to the mean-
ing of the temperance resolution adopted
at the October conference by unani-
mous vote, that doubt ought to be re-
moved by the statement of Hon. Heber
J. Grant, who, as an official of the an-
ti-saloon league of America, introduced
that resolution. "I intended it for
nothing short of prohibition," Mr.
Grant says. And, we may add, it was
so understood at the time.

Elder Heber J. Grant, in the course
of his remarks preceding the reading
of the resolution, gave some extracts
from "Leaves from the Diary of an
Old Lawyer," in which the author says,
in part:

"I believe that it will require the
force of the whole people, men and
women, applied at the ballot box, to
effectually blot out of existence the
great curse to the country. The Law
that License and Permit the Sale of
Alcohol as a Beverage. I deny the
right of the government to sell to one
citizen the privilege to tempt another
to commit crime."

The speaker added:

"Incidentally, I wish to say I also
deny the right, but I thank God that
you and I have the right to put out
this evil that is in our midst, if we de-
termine to do it."

After thus having stated his oppo-
sition to the license system, the speaker
continued reading:

"I doubt the policy of those laws that
seek to raise a revenue by the sale of
that which debases the people, is the
profitable source of crime and pauperism,
and costs the country annually a thou-
sand times more than the revenue re-
ceived therefrom. I deny the justice of
those laws that on one page of the
statute books legalize that which pro-
motes crime and makes criminals, and
on the next page provide severe pen-
alties to be administered to those they
have tempted to transgress. This lit-
tle volume [and it is as large as the
book I hold in my hand, exhibiting the
large edition of the Book of Mormon]
is presented to the public to promulgate
these views. They may be thought
radical, and perhaps are so; but they
are the result of long experience in our
criminal courts, and are but feeble ex-
pression of my abhorrence of the vice
of intemperance, and the laws that en-
courage and promote it."

Elder Grant further read an extract
from a book written by David Starr
Jordan, predicting the total aboli-
shment of the saloon in future cities:

"So far as the drink of the drunk-
ards is concerned, prohibition does not
prohibit. But to clean up a town, to
free it from corruption, save men, and
boys and girls too, from vice, and who
shall say that moral sanitation is not
as much the duty of the community as
physical sanitation? The city of the
future will not permit the existence
of slums and dives and tippling-
houses. It will prohibit their exist-
ence for the same reason that it now
prohibits pig-pens and dog-houses and
cesspools. For where all these things
are, slums and cesspools, saloons and
pig-pens, there the people grow weak
and die."

Anyone who will scan these extracts
and the remarks of the speaker pre-
ceding the resolution will perceive that
it was, indeed, an appeal for prohibition
and not merely for local option. A
prohibition law that prohibits is want-
ed. Utah should be in a position to
set the sister States in the Union a
glorious example. We should have no
saloons, no gambling dens, no "red
light" districts, no Sabbath desecra-
tion; and we look to the Legislature
for laws against all such evils.

The question whether prohibition
really prohibits should not be per-
mitted to detract attention from the
plain duty of those entrusted with
legislative responsibility. As a matter
of fact prohibition laws, when hon-
estly enforced, reduce the drink evil to
a minimum, if they do not all at once
wipe alk bivertate, incurable drunk-
ards out of existence, and even if not
much is gained, it is simply worth while.
Prohibition laws form a safeguard
around many a young man and woman,
and saves them from ever entering up-
on the road to eternal ruin. If they
do no more, they are worth while. For
these reasons we advise all good citi-
zens to sign the petitions for probi-
tion and otherwise to work for leg-
islation that aims at the purification
of public morals.

MOVING PICTURE SHOWS.

Mayor McClellan of New York has
issued an order for the revocation of
more than 500 moving picture houses
which have grossly transcended the
lines of propriety. A temporary in-
junction against the order was granted
and the courts are to decide whether
the Mayor shall be given power to
wipe out all the moving picture enter-
prises and make a new deal of license
which will put the business in the
hands of those who will promise to
make needed changes in its conduct.

The moving picture problem and
the Sunday amusement question de-
mand attention elsewhere than in New
York. A great deal can be said in
favor of the cheap shows. They were
at first intended for the amusement
of children. But they have become
educational, as when presenting views
from different countries and illustrat-
ing industries or historical events, etc.
But many of their pictures are as
unsavory, as coarse as the colored
supplements to yellow, or red, Sun-
day papers. Some are demoralizing,
teaching crime by suggestion, and in
so far as they have ignored the Sun-
day laws, they are law-defying. Good
moving picture shows are good forms

of amusement, when properly con-
ducted. They offer a place where the
"young people can spend an hour profit-
ably, but if they are made schools of
frivolity and crime they should be sup-
pressed."

UNIONISM NOT ON TRIAL.

Some of the newspapers seem to think
that the labor leaders recently sen-
tenced to jail were convicted of the
crime of "labor unionism," whatever
that may be; but labor unions were not
on trial in this case, according to the
records.

The labor leaders were sentenced for
contempt of court.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean denounces
as "fine words but false" the declara-
tions of many protestants as to the
alleged abridgement in this case of the
right of free speech and of a free
press. Its entire argument is worth
quoting. It says that

"Mr. Gompers and his associates are
punished because they have persisted
in denying the equality of American
citizens before the law and in trying to
destroy that equality, in defiance of
the federal courts."

Is this true? Or on the contrary,
did not the court simply adjudge them
guilty of contempt of court and use its
discretion in pronouncing sentences
therefor? The Inter-Ocean seeks to
prov its interpretation of the merits of
the case in the following manner:

1. Has a citizen without a labor
union card an equal right to obtain em-
ployment with a citizen who has a labor
union card?

2. Has a citizen an equal right to
employ other citizens regardless of
whether they have or have not labor
union cards?

Mr. Gompers and his associates say
"No." The laws and the Constitution
say "Yes."

3. Does their possession of labor
union cards exempt one group of citi-
zens from laws which all other citizens
must obey?

4. Does their lack of labor union
cards subject one group of citizens to
lawful penalties from which other citi-
zens, having labor union cards, are ex-
empt?

Mr. Gompers and his associates say
"Yes." The laws and the Constitution
say "No."

And to sum the matter up concretely
let us ask American citizens ask our-
selves one further question:

5. Has the non-unionist, or the em-
ployer of non-unionists, the same right
to live in this country and be protected
by its laws as the unionist or the em-
ployer of unionists only?

Mr. Gompers and his associates say
"No." The laws and the Constitution
say "Yes."

Now, these defendants were not put
on trial for any of the things alleged
in this whole summary. If they were
guilty of such offenses as are named
here, they could no doubt be indicted
on these counts. But their present pen-
alty is for disregarding the injunction
ordering them to refrain from publish-
ing the "we-do-not-patronize" lists in
the organ of the labor-unions. They
are accused of no other offense.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

The second Tuesday in January is
the day when the presidential electors
in each State of the Union will meet
and elect a president and vice presi-
dent. Those who have been in the
habit of referring to Mr. Taft as the
president-elect have done so in antici-
pation of results. For he is not presi-
dent-elect until the election has actual-
ly taken place.

Originally the electors did not vote
for president and vice president sepa-
rately. They simply voted for their
respective candidates, and the one re-
ceiving the highest vote became presi-
dent, and the one receiving the sec-
ond highest, was vice president. In the
year 1800, however, Jefferson and Burr
each received the same number of
votes, and this suggested the neces-
sity of a change in the Constitution.

The election in 1856 was a very mixed
affair and the Senate had to be
straightened out the tangle. Van Buren
and Richard M. Johnson were the
Democratic candidates, and William
Henry Harrison and Francis Granger
were the choice of the Whigs. Van
Buren received 170 votes, Harrison 73,
while 51 were scattered between Hugh
L. White, Daniel Webster, and Willie
P. Mangum. For Vice President John-
son received 147, Granger, 77, and the
others were scattered among several
candidates. No one having received
a majority, the Senate settled the dif-
ficulty by electing Johnson.

Since 1840 each party has held its
own in the electoral colleges.

A PICTURE.

In another part of this issue is
a description of the methods of the Salt
Lake Tribune of this City, from the
pen of a non-Mormon.

The picture is true to life, and easi-
ly, naturally and accurately drawn.
Those who have followed the course
of rancorous hate and endless defa-
mation pursued by that paper during
the last few years will scarcely be
surprised at the description which an
impartial writer in an independent
paper gives of it.

The commandment, "Thou shalt not
bear false witness," is as binding today
and as much a force in the affairs of
mankind as it was when thundered
from the heights of Sinai in the in-
fancy of the world's history. Sooner
or later its persistent and wilful vio-
lation must bring the inevitable result.
The fruit of such a policy is none the
less certain because it may be deferred.
Men do not gather figs of thorns or
grapes from thistles.

Yet we could wish that our embel-
lished and misguided contemporary
might return of its own will to the
paths of peace. It is no pleasure to
us to witness depravity or to be present
at its punishment. Neither do we
think it can be truly profitable to
those who make a temporary gain in
place, power, or money through the
use of the arts of detraction and slan-
der.

An outraged and long suffering pub-
lic conscience is demanding a cessa-
tion of this evil of constant defama-
tion.

Cometh up as a flour—the bakers'
trust.

The hobo is the great after a dinner
speaker.

Prosperity has returned but just

the same it seems to be taking a
rest.

One terrible touch of nature in Italy
made all the world kin.

A friend at court is good. A friend
at the White House is better.

Rolling in wealth is said to be even
more exhilarating than auto riding.

Even in official patronage it is the
gift and not the giver that is appre-
ciated.

A tree, being more sensible than
man, does not turn over a new leaf
until spring.

Chicago's "widow in green" doesn't
wear weeds but bedsheets herself in
fresh foliage.

When secret service men shadow
people do their reports contain
shadow-graphs?

All the New Year resolutions have
now been sickled o'er with the pale
cast of thought.

If the last few weeks of the present
Congress are not strenuous ones we
miss our guess.

The employer's liability is that
he will have a strike in the midst of
his greatest rush.

One of New York's leading cafes is
Cafe Raub. They all do, no matter
what their name.

Judge Taft has selected his Panama
party but in it is no party by the
name of Johnson.

Secretary Newberry's idea seems to
be the single power standard and one
hundred per cent.

Greece produced but one Solon yet
every state in the Union fills two
legislative chambers with them.

The special message in reply to the
Culberson resolution reads much like
plain language from Truthful James.

James J. Hill contemplates buying
a seven million acre ranch. That is
more than Bob Acres ever dreamed of.

Having filed some information on the
steel trust case with the Senate, will
that body return an indictment
against the President?

A writer says, "Women will bear
cheerful and veracious testimony that
nine-tenths of all proposals are made
on Sunday." Perhaps this fact ex-
plains "blue Monday."

Lillian Russell announces that she
is going to publish the love letters she
has received during her stage career.
Most likely they will be more inter-
esting than edifying.

CONCERNING GERMS.

The Louisville Courier-Journal,
in its issue of January 6, published a
story about the results of experiments by
a physician who found twenty-eight col-
onies of deadly germs upon a glass plate
to which "a vigorous and perfectly
healthy young girl had touched her
lips." The conclusion of the physician,
or the writer of the article, that kisses
are therefore "death-laden" is hardly
convincing. If the young woman with
twenty-eight varieties of disease germs
upon her lips is "vigorous and perfect-
ly healthy" the inference is that the
twenty-eight varieties of germs are not
as deadly as they're painted, and no
vigorous and perfectly healthy person
should be greatly afraid of the girl or
greatly disturbed by the physician's
discovery.

INSPECTION OF INSPECTORS.

San Francisco Chronicle.
The public-spirited citizens who con-
tribute to the Civic league fund for
checking up the work to be done under
the city bond issues have already been
rewarded by ample evidence of the
necessity for outside inspection in the
discovery of buried work done after the
bad old pan which is so common with
contractors on public work in this and
other cities. Inspection of portions of
the Howard-street sewer, in process
of construction, disclosed that the ap-
proachments had not been complied with,
though the work had been pushed by
the official inspector, and the president
of the board of works ordered the whole
sewer uncovered. On Sunday evening
the engineer of the Civic league found
employees of the contractor at work on
the inside of the sewer covering holes
from the inside for the purpose of con-
cealing bad work. It is well known
that much of the sewer work hereto-
fore done for this city has been im-
properly done, resulting in leaky and
short-lived sewers, and no one can yet
even guess how much money of the tax-
payers will have to be expended in
the discovery and rebuilding of this
shoddy work or how much damage and
how much sickness has resulted from
it. It is the determination of the tax-
payers that there shall be no more of
it, and the energetic work of the Civic
league to that end cannot be too hearti-
ly commended.

JUST FOR FUN.

Clipped Cheerfulness.

The Preacher—We should arise by
our own efforts.
The Kid—Sure. De alarm clock
might go wrong.—Cleveland Leader.

She certified that she was Scotch,
And I've small cause to doubt her,
Since, when the fruit is ripe, she has
Such canny ways about her.
—Boston Courier.

Colonel—What do army regulations
make the first requisite in order that
a man may be buried with military
honors?
Private Macsherry—Death, yer hon-
or!—Illustrated Bits.

The finding of a horseshoe
Along a dusty way
Brings good luck to the finder,
I've heard the wise ones say,
A case of rare good fortune
As mortal ever struck.
I'd rather find a dollar
And buy my own good luck.
—Nashville American.

The Newly Wedded One—The hap-
piest moments of my life were spent
at the Falls.
The Divorced One (carelessly)—Ni-
agara—or Sioux.—Puck.

The self-made man would surely win
Much good advice
If in his making he'd provide
For needless operation.
—Boston Transcript.

"I suppose you have asked that til-
dled suitor about his pedigree?"
"No," answered Mr. Cumrox. "We
were both too fearful to let anything

happen. He gave me a book in gen-
ealogy that covers his case, and I
presented him with a marked copy of
a commercial agency's report."—Wash-
ington, D. C., Star.

"Do you know your orders, sentry?"
asked an officer.
"Yes, sir," was the prompt reply.
"Know the points of the compass?"
"Yes, sir."

"If you face the rising sun, your left
hand would be on the north of you,
and your right hand to the south of
you. What would be behind you?"
"Me knapsack, sir."—Spare Mo-
ments.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

An important feature of McClure's
Magazine for January is the first in-
stallment of "Marriage a la Mode," a
new novel by Mrs. Humphrey Ward,
dealing with American life. Then there
is a great story of the South Seas, "The
House of Magahi," by Jack London,
and five other good, strong short
stories. The articles are fully up to
the McClure standard. An educated
man who went into the saloon business
tells of his experiences. General Ku-
ropatkin declares that the treaty of
Portsmouth was a premature and
dangerous peace and cites facts to
prove it. Dr. Brandreth Symonds gives
some interesting figures on the mor-
tality of overweighted and under-
weight; James L. Ford contributes a
paper on "The Appeal of the Stage,"
and Will C. Barnes has some inter-
esting things to say about wild horses.
—44-60 East, 23d St., New York.

As a magazine to pick up in a spare
moment, when one has not time nor
patience for a lengthy article, over-
burdened with uninteresting techni-
cisms, Popular Mechanics has not a su-
perior. It is beautifully illustrated.
The articles deal only with authentic
facts and are written in a terse, en-
joyable style, so that anyone can un-
derstand them. The January number
contains 201 articles and 223 illustrations
covering everything new in science and
invention, and one constantly marvels
that each month should produce in any
one line so much that is new and re-
markable. The new fighting-top for
U. S. battleships—a radical departure
from old styles—is described in the
January number and a full-page illus-
tration shows the evolution of fighting
tops from earliest times unto the pres-
ent. How electric sleep has been pro-
duced first in animals, then in human
beings, harmlessly, is explained and dis-
cussed; the recent forest fires evoke a
timely article on the cause and preven-
tion of the same; a method of growing
forests in tin cans has had remarkable
results. There are many other fea-
tures.—160 Washington street, Chicago.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

TONIGHT AND SATURDAY.
The Lyric (N. Y.) Theatre Success

THE WOLF

A Play of the Canadian Northwest
By Eugene Walters, Author of
"Paid in Full."

With an excellent cast, headed by
Andrew Robson.

Prices, Evening, 3c to \$1.50. Matinee,
2c to \$1.00.

Next Attraction—Monday, Tues-
day, Wednesday and Wednesday
Matinee, Corinne in "Lola from Ber-
lin."

Prices—Evening, 3c to \$1.50. Matinee,
2c to \$1.00.

Sale now on.

80TH PHONES 3566

Opheum THEATRE

Staley & Birbeck Co.
Frank Nelson & Co.
"Silvers"
Royal Italian Quartette,
Emmett Campbell & Co.
The Four Graces
Connelly & Webb
The Kinodrome, Opheum Orchestra.

Matinee daily except Sunday.
Matinee—3c, 5c, 7c; Boxes, \$1.00.
Evenings—3c, 5c, 7c; Boxes, \$1.00.

Colonial Theatre

Third South Between Main and State
Bell Phone 424; Ind. 132.

TONIGHT

The Big Musical Success,
By Joseph E. Howard.

"THE FLOWER OF THE RANCH"

50—People—5c.
20—Musical Chorus—3c.
20—Musical Numbers—2c.

Prices—3c, 5c, 7c; Boxes, \$1.00.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.
All seats reserved, 2c and 5c.

NEXT ATTRACTION:

DAVID BELASCO'S GREATEST
SUCCESS

The Girl of the Golden West

Two years at the Belasco theater,
New York. The highest priced roy-
alty bill ever produced. The great-
est show ever brought to Salt Lake.
The largest scenic production ever
produced on any stage.

Seats now on sale.

GRAND THEATRE

TONIGHT ONLY.

The Geo. Scott Co.
Presenting That New College Play,
OUTWITTED BY TWO!

Saturday Matinee and Night Only.
Special Production of

EAST LYNNE!

Souvenir Matinee Saturday.

All week starting Jan. 18: The
Sensation of Today.

CUNNING, The Jail Breaker!

LYRIC

EXCELLENT BILL THIS WEEK.

SIX FEATURES, ALL WINNERS.

TWO ILLUSTRATED SONGS.

Good Music. Good Ventilation.

Commencing Sat., Jan. 9

The Pictures Late'y Shown

at the White House

And which De-lighted President
Himself.

THE WOLF HUNT!

THE ROUNDUP!

THE BANK ROBBERY!

1000 Feet of Realistic Film.

One Week Only. The Exclusive Right
in Salt Lake.

SEE THE PICTURES THAT ROOSE-
VELT SAW.

Prices remain the same. Adults, 10c.
Children, 5c. Reserved, 2c.

Secure your seats in advance. Fol-
low the crowd.



OUR DRUG STORE IS
AT 112-114 SO. MAIN ST.

Our Great January Muslin Underwear Sale for Three Days Commencing Monday Next.

Remnant Sale Saturday.

Stocktaking revealed a large number of Remnants; there is still a nice variety to select from and tomorrow they will sell at Half Price. These remnants consist of

Serges, Cashmere, Broadcloths, Ladies' Cloths, Challies, Novelty Suitings, Panamas, Henriettas, Batistes, Mohairs, Cotton Dress Goods, Silkolines, Cretons, Figured Satins, Organdies and Cheese Cloths—tomorrow your choice at

HALF PRICE

Down Quilts..... 25% Off Wool and Cotton Blankets
Cotton Quilts..... 20% Off at..... 20% Off
FANCY COVERED CUSHIONS..... ONE-THIRD OFF

Our Suit and Cloak Department is celebrating stocktaking by making clean-up prices on all winter goods. The qualities are the best; the prices are reduced way, way down; you will surely find money-saving values awaiting you.

Z. C. M. I. GENTS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS are identi-
fied with Individuality and Distinctiveness. We offer
some exceptional values in

Men's Suits at
\$9.00

Men's Overcoats at
\$7.50



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State Street, Between Second and Third South.